

27 September 2018

Klaus K Hotel, Bulevardi 2/4,  
 Helsinki 00120 Finland

## Cefic LRI – Concawe Workshop on recent developments in science supportive to the persistence/biodegradation assessment

### Workshop objective:

Discuss results from recent and ongoing research (Cefic LRI, Concawe, ECHA), and consider how the results of these projects could be used to improve persistence assessment of chemicals

09:00 – 09:20	<b>Introduction by workshop co-chairs: <a href="#">Graham Whale, Shell Health, UK</a>; <a href="#">Paul Van Elsacker, Federal Public Service Health, Food Chain Safety and Environment, Belgium</a></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Towards an improved understanding of persistence in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century</li> <li>• Outcome of ECETOC 2012 workshop ‘Assessing Environmental Persistence, Nov 2012, Paris’</li> <li>• Objectives of the day</li> </ul>	
09:20 – 09:45	<b>Persistence/biodegradation assessment from a regulatory point of view <a href="#">Vincent Bonnomet (ECHA)</a></b>	
09:45 – 11:30	<b>Session 1: Role of microbial community in degradation testing (adaptation, variability, growth and cometabolism)</b> <b>Moderator - <a href="#">Kees van Ginkel, Akzo Nobel</a></b>	
09:45 – 10:00	09:45 – 10:00	The effect of including environmentally relevant microbial diversity in biodegradation screening tests for persistence assessments – Cefic LRI ECO 11 <a href="#">Russell Davenport, Newcastle University</a>
10:00 – 10:15	10:00 – 10:15	Implication of microbial adaptation for the persistency of emerging pollutants - Cefic LRI ECO 29 <a href="#">John Parsons, University of Amsterdam</a>
10:15 – 10:30	10:15 – 10:30	Investigating mixture & concentration effects on biodegradation kinetics - DTU/Concawe project <a href="#">Rikke Hammershoj, Technical University of Denmark (DTU)</a>
10:30 – 10:45	10:30 – 10:45	Overview presentation on key issues around session theme <a href="#">Kees van Ginkel</a>
10:45 – 11:30	10:45 – 11:30	45 min Q&A/discussion with all presenters

11:30 – 11:45	<i>Coffee and poster viewing</i>	
11:45 – 13:00	<b>Session 2: Impact of environmental factors on bioavailability and degradation</b> <b>Moderator - Russell Davenport</b>	
	11:45 – 12:00	Identifying strategies that will provide greater confidence in estimating the degradation rates of organic chemicals in water, soil, and sediment – Cefic LRI ECO 31 <b>Philipp Dalkmann, Bayer AG</b>
	12:00 – 12:15	Environmental risk assessment of poorly soluble substances: Improved tools for assessing biodegradation, (de)sorption, and modelling – Cefic LRI ECO 32 <b>Fabio Polesel, Technical University of Denmark (DTU)</b>
	12:15 – 12:30	Overview presentation on key issues around session theme <b>Russell Davenport</b>
	12:30 – 13:00	30 min Q&A/discussion with all presenters
13:00 – 14:00	<i>Lunch</i>	
14:00 – 15:45	<b>Session 3: Interpretation of the OECD simulation test results and identified challenges</b> <b>Moderator - Kathrin Fenner, Eawag</b>	
	14:00 – 14:15	Identifying limitations of the OECD water-sediment test and developing suitable alternatives to assess persistence - Cefic LRI ECO 18 <b>Kathrin Fenner</b>
	14:15 – 14:30	Limitations of OECD 307 and OECD 309 and recommendations for enhancements - Fraunhofer/Concawe project <b>Dieter Hennecke, Fraunhofer IME</b>
	14:30 – 14:45	Biodegradation kinetics of hydrocarbons at low concentrations – Covering several orders of magnitude in hydrophobicity and volatility - DTU/Concawe project <b>Heidi Birch, Technical University of Denmark (DTU)</b>
	14:45 – 15:00	Overview presentation on key issues around session theme <b>Kathrin Fenner</b>
	15:00 – 15:45	45 min Q&A/discussion with all presenters
15:45 – 16:15	<i>Coffee and poster viewing</i>	
16:15 – 16:45	<b>Overview of key outcomes from all discussion sessions and closing remarks/next steps</b> <b>Moderators – Graham and Paul</b>	

Registrations to the Workshop can be made at the following link:

<http://cefic-lri.org/events/cefic-lri-concawe-workshop-on-recent-developments-in-science-supportive-to-the-persistencebiodegradation-assessment/>