



Importance of exposure dynamics in aquatic ecosystem risk assessment

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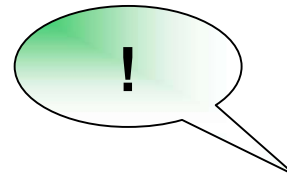
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Framework

Environmental Risk Assessment

- Environmental realism
- Ecological relevance
- Methodological accuracy

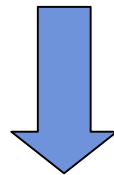
of current approaches...



... ongoing discussion...

“Addressing the New Challenges for Risk Assessment” (EC Scientific Committees)

E.g., exposure assessment by means of **steady-state models**



CEFIC-LRI project

“ChimERA: An integrated modelling tool for ecological risk assessment”

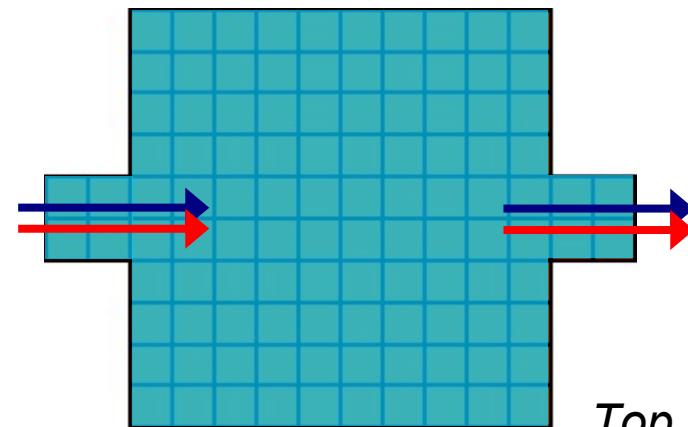
Objectives

Fate and exposure sub-model

- **Compartments and sub-compartments**: water and sediment + dissolved organic carbon (DOC), detritus, phytoplankton, and macrophytes
- **Dynamics** of emissions, environmental parameters (e.g., temperature), macrophytes, phytoplankton and detritus mass and lipid content and DOC
- **Spatial discretization**: different sub-environments in water and sediment

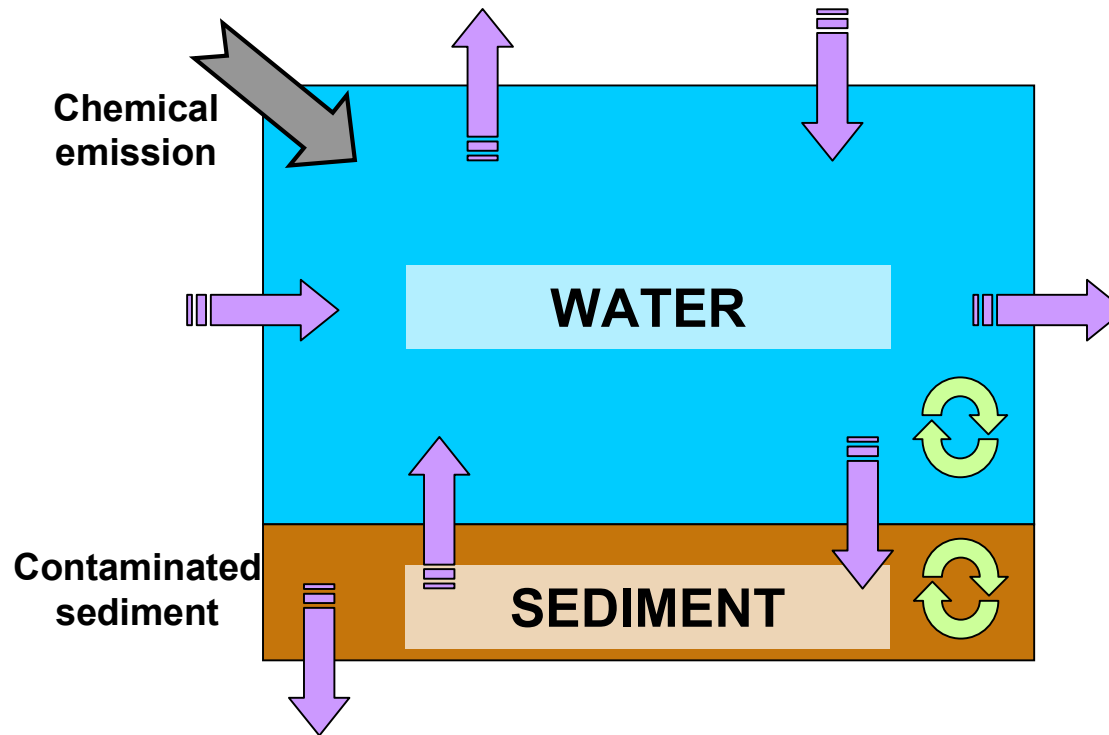


Side view



Top view

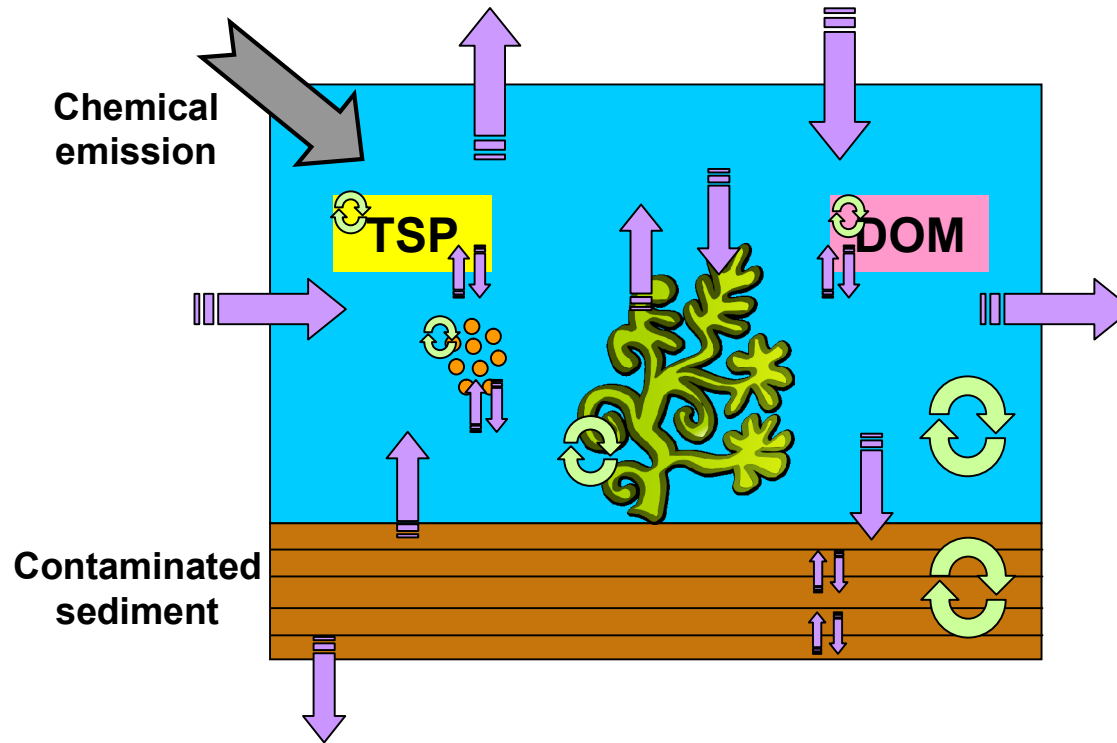
Starting point: DynA Model *



- Dynamic surface water **fugacity** model
- Water (water + suspended solids) and sediment (pore water + sediment solids)
- Hourly concentrations and chemical fluxes between compartments
- **Dynamic** in terms of emission and environmental parameters

* Di Guardo, A., Ferrari, F., Infantino, A. (2006) *Environ Sci & Pollut Res* 13(1), 50-58

1st result: sub-model unit

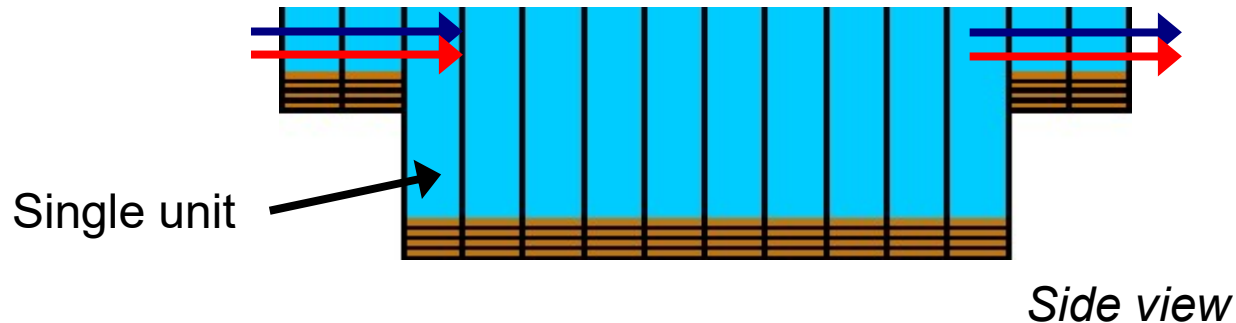


- **Compartments:** water, sediment, macrophytes *, phytoplankton **, total suspended particles (TSP), dissolved organic matter (DOM)
- **Layered sediment**
- **Output:** hourly chemical concentrations in all compartments + chemical fluxes

* Armitage, J.M., Franco, A., Gomez, S., Cousins, I.T. (2008) *Environ Sci & Pollut Res* 13(1), 50-58

** Del Vento, S., Dachs, J. (2002) *Environ Toxicol Chem* 21(10), 2099-2107

2nd result: spatial discretization



- Multiple **unit connection** through **water flow** (hydrological module)
- **Saint-Venant equation** for rectangular-section channel with variable width and depth *
- Friction accounted for using the **Manning's equation** **
- **Output**: hourly water volumes (m^3) + input and output fluxes for each unit ($\text{m}^3 \text{h}^{-1}$)
- From water fluxes: phytoplankton, TSP and DOM fluxes ($\text{m}^3 \text{h}^{-1}$)

* Balbas, J., Karni, S. (2009) *ESAIM: M2AN* 43, 333-351

** Gordon, N.D., McMahon, T.A., Finlayson, B.N., Gippel, C.J., Nathan, R.J. (2004) Wiley

Sensitivity analysis

- Simplified system (single sediment layer, 5-cm deep), two chemicals
- **Tested parameters:** emission, physical-chemical properties, MTCs, temperature, compartment volumes and organic carbon fractions
- **Targets:** water-dissolved and sediment pore-water concentrations

Most influential parameters

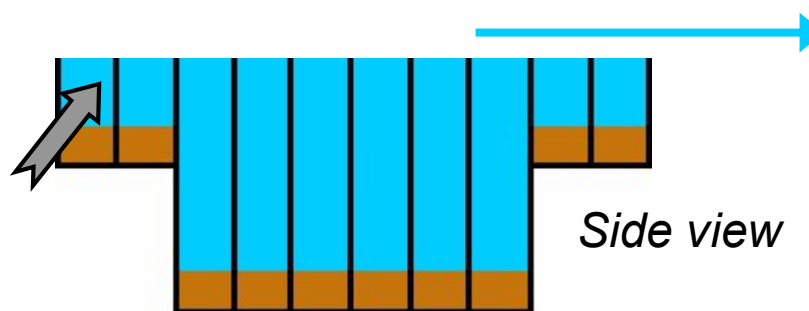
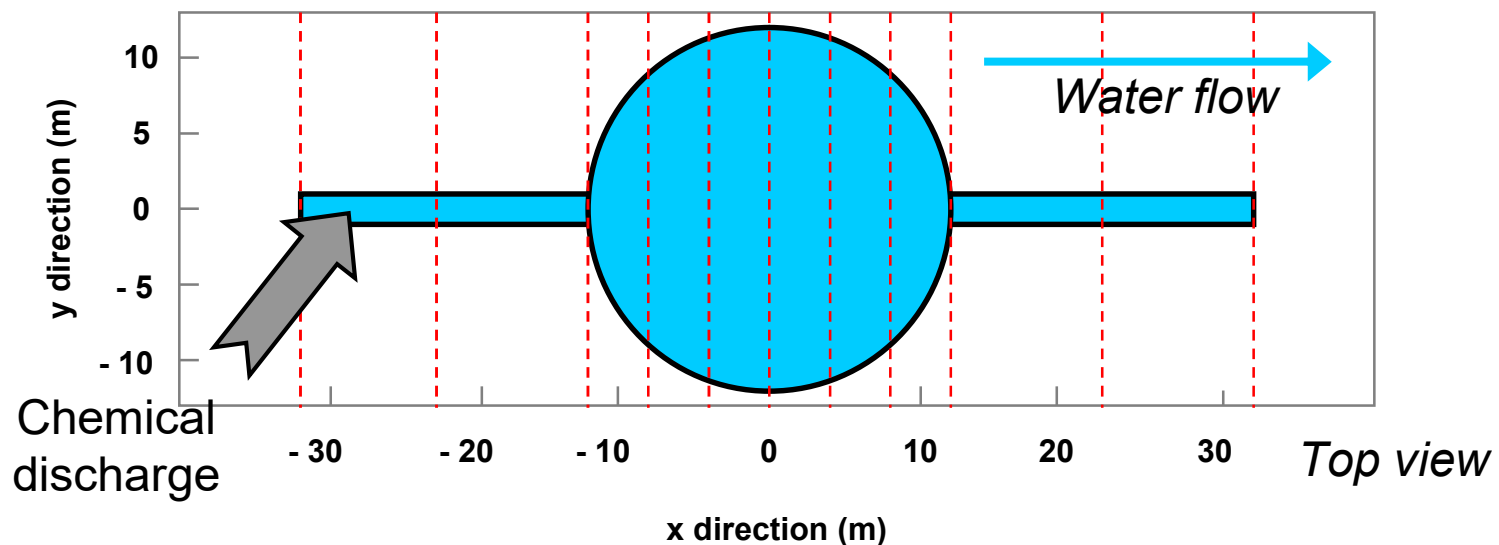
Emission

OC fraction of primary producers, TSP and DOM

Uptake/release rate constants for primary producers, TSP and DOM

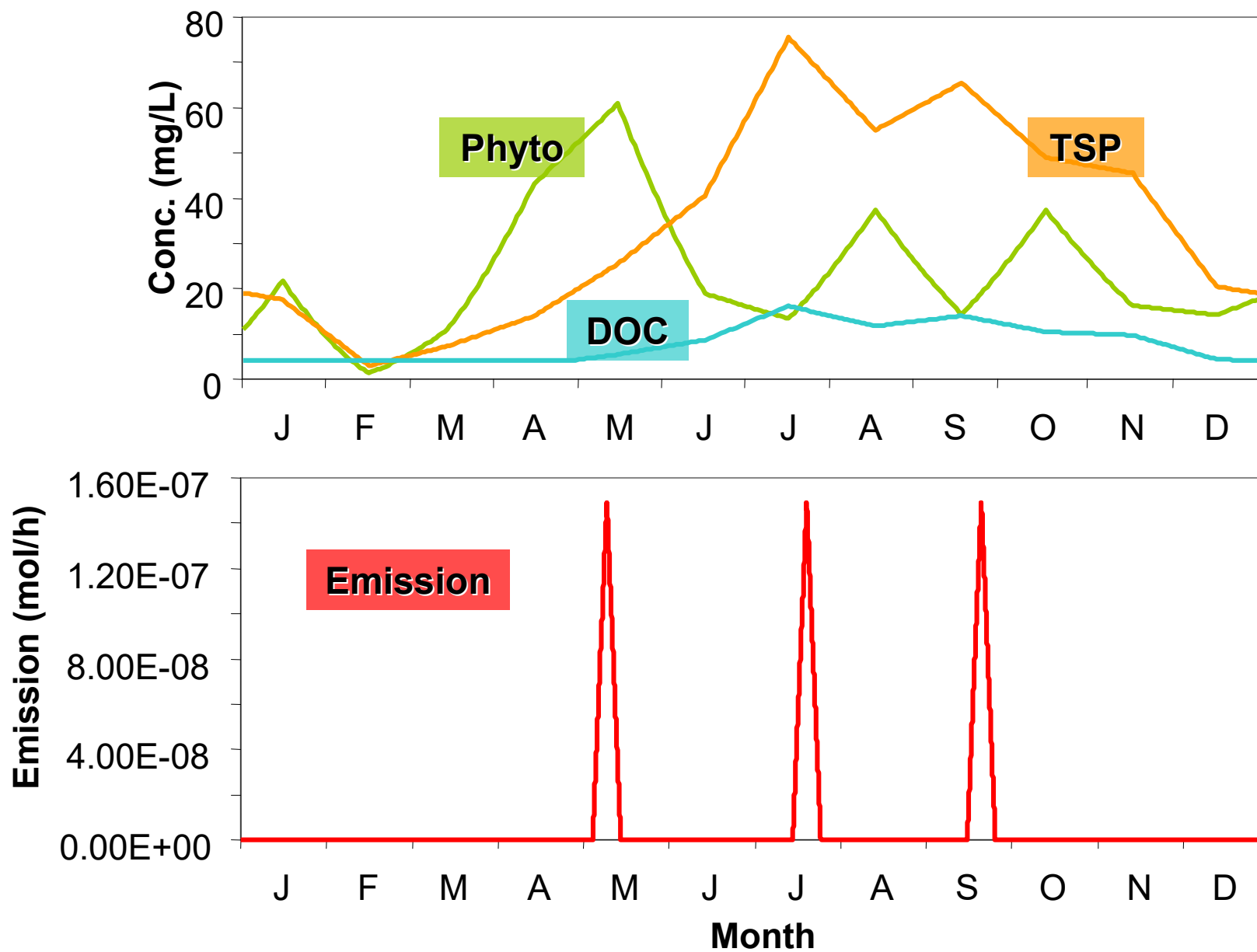
Temperature

Illustrative application: scenario (1)

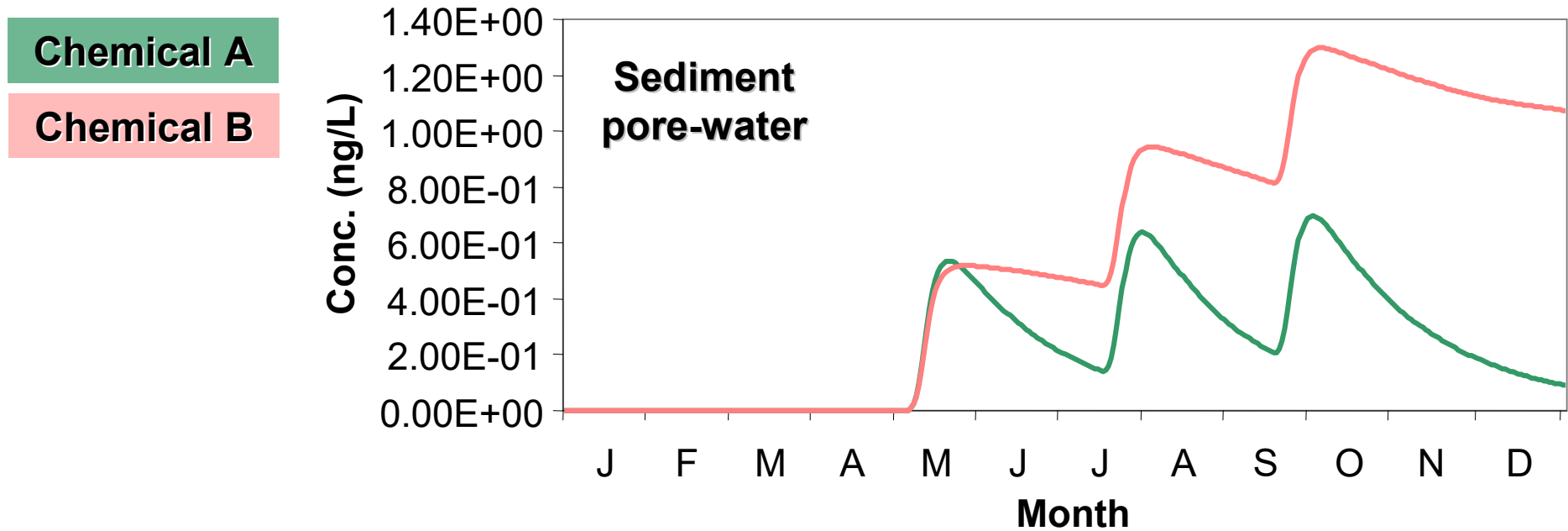
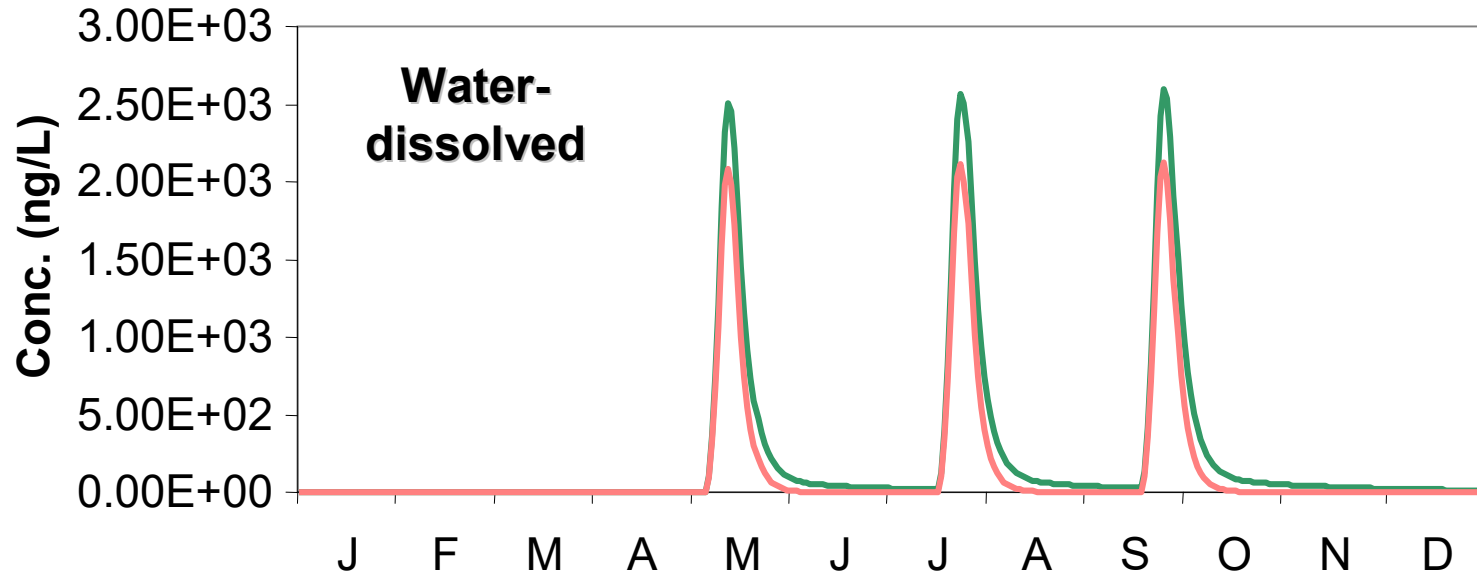


Chemical	WS (mg/L)	VP (Pa)	log K_{ow}	HL wat (h)	HL sed (h)
A	33	3.9E-05	2.5	1320	4800
B	0.132	0.0006	5.18	1700	55000

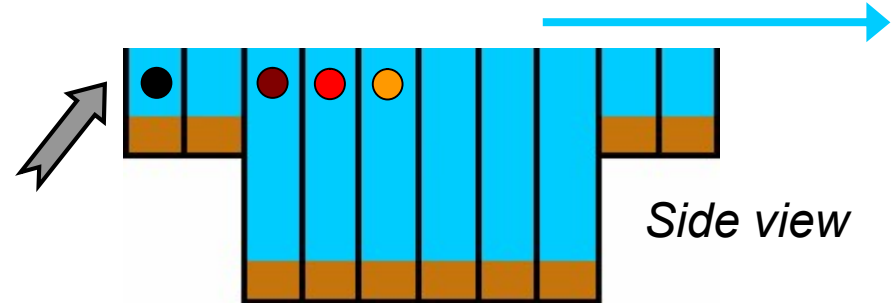
Illustrative application: scenario (2)



Illustrative application: results (1)

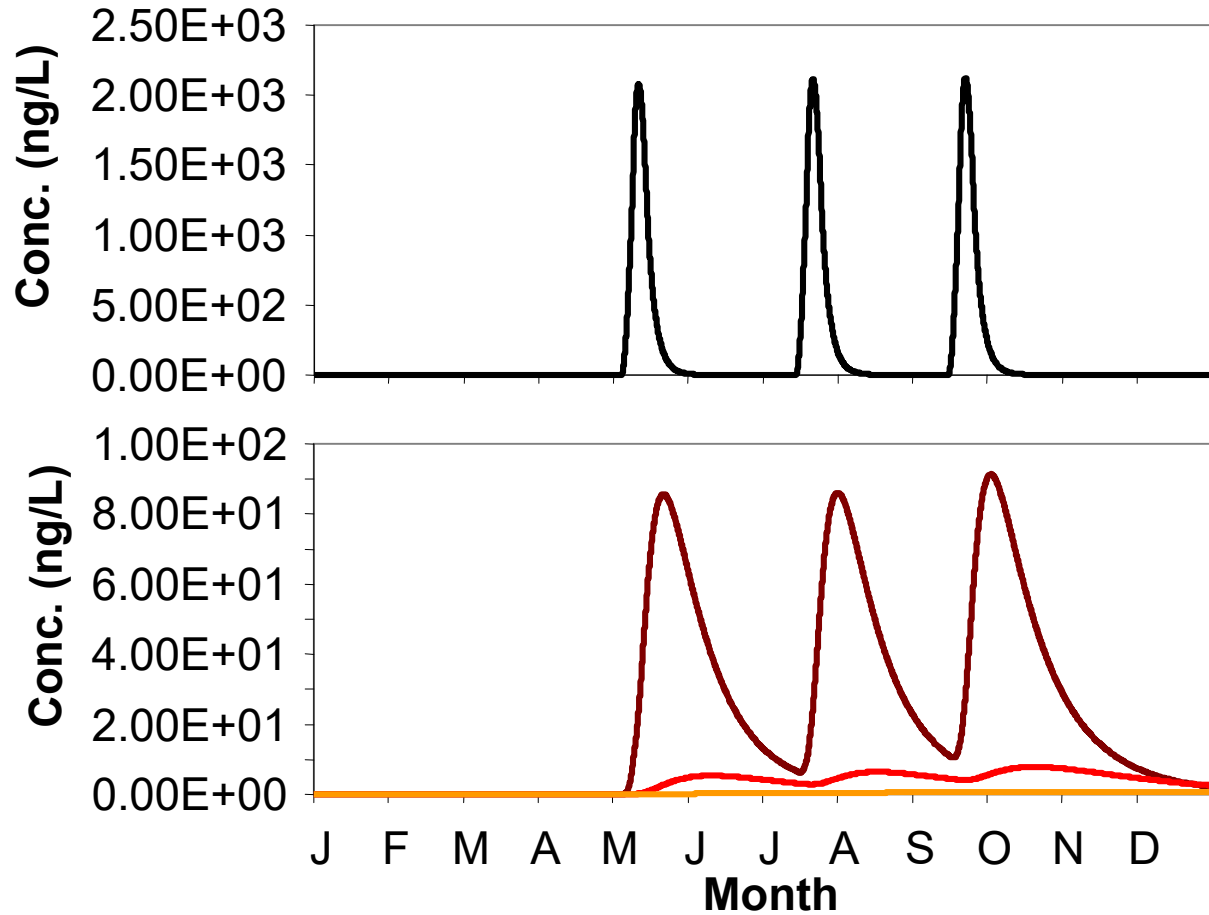


Illustrative application: results (2)



Chemical B

Slice 1
(Emission)



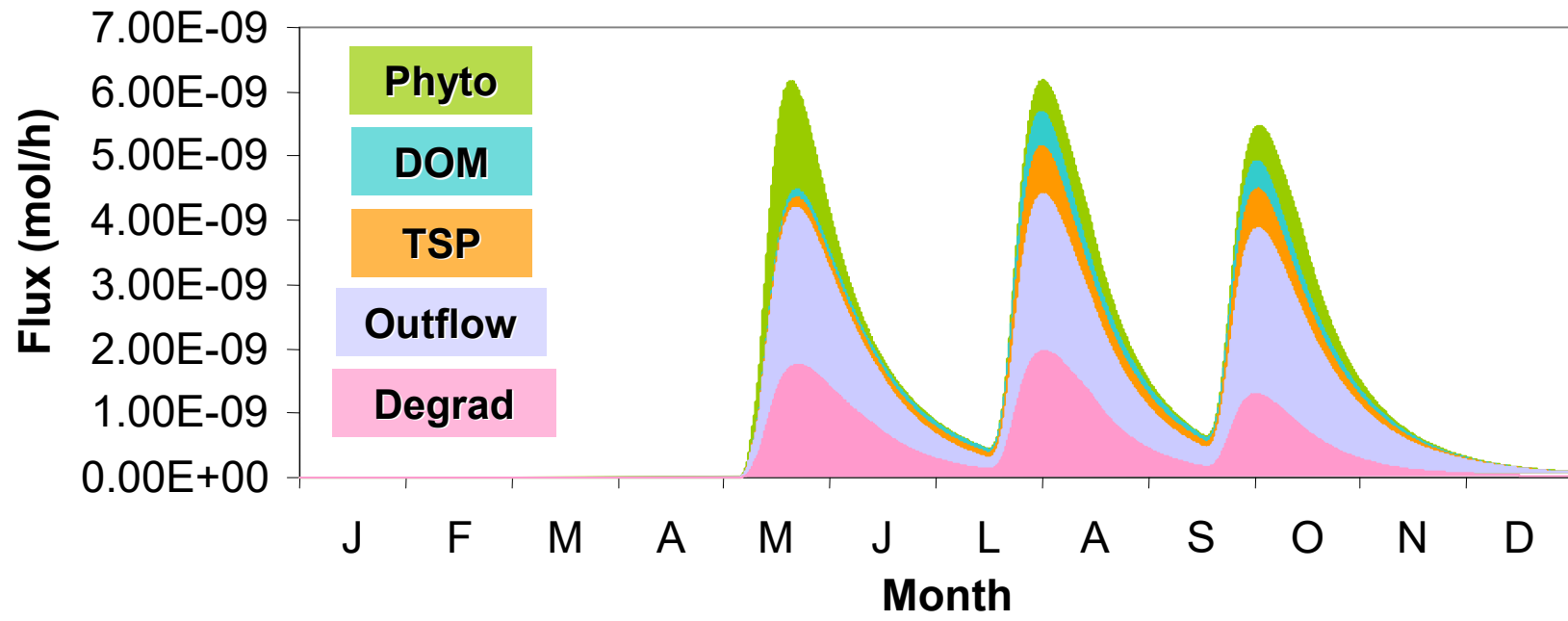
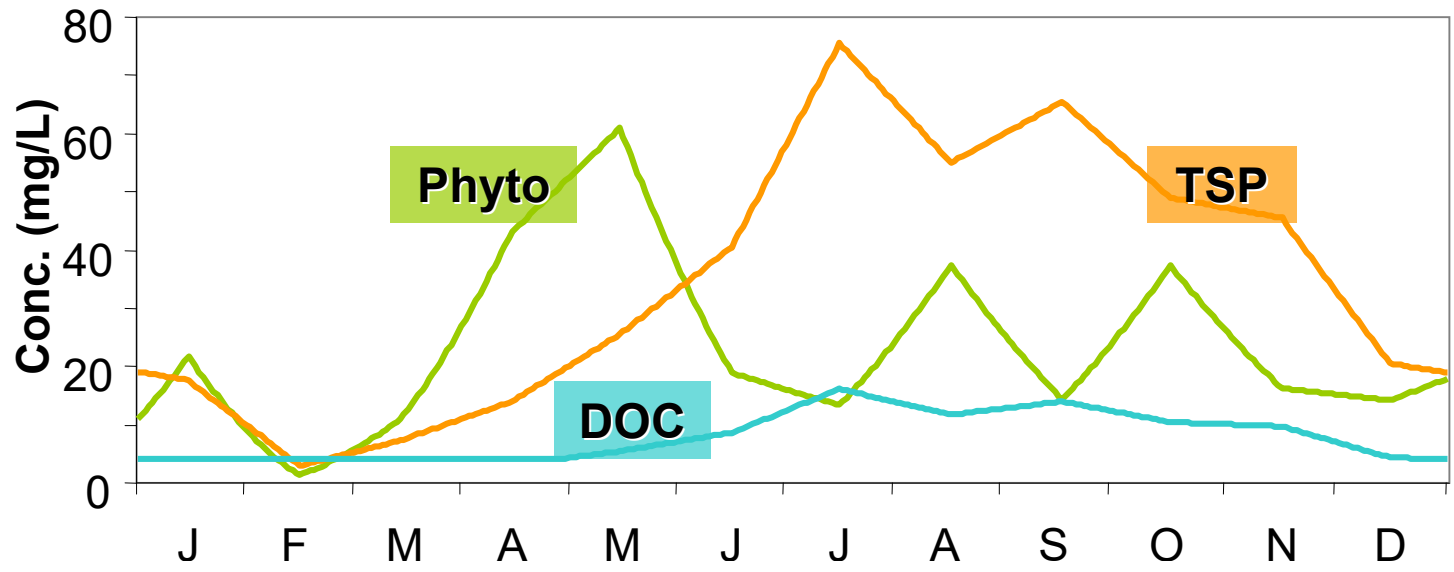
Slice 3

Slice 4

Slice 5

Illustrative application: results (3)

Slice 3



Conclusions

- Flexible dynamic unit model
- Basis for the simulation of connected water bodies (rivers/ponds)

Ongoing work

- **Coupling** with effect models (TK/TD-IBM sub-models)
- Implementation of equations to describe phytoplankton, macrophyte and detritus dynamics

Future work

- **Sensitivity** and **uncertainty analyses**
- **Calibration** and **validation** (literature + experiments)

Acknowledgements

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Thanks for your attention

You can also find me in the Exhibition Hall (poster TU193)